



UNIVERSITAS AIRLANGGA

NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING ON HUMAN RIGHTS

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CORPORATE–HUMAN RIGHTS DUE DILIGENCE
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Curriculum Vitae

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NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

CONSTITUTION



LONGTERM DEVELOPMENT PLAN

RENCANA PEMBANGUNAN JANGKA PANJANG NASIONAL 2005-2025



MIDTERM DEVELOPMENT
PLAN
RPJMN 2005-2009

MIDTERM
DEVELOPMENT
PLAN
RPJMN 2010-2014

MIDTERM
DEVELOPMENT
PLAN
RPJMN 2015-2019

MIDTERM
DEVELOPMENT
PLAN
RPJMN 2020-2024



NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PHASING

INDEPENDENTLY, DEVELOPED,
JUSTICE AND PROSPERITY
OF INDONESIA

RPJMN I

2005-2009

Restructuring NKRI, building Indonesia secure and peaceful, justice and democratic with better welfare level

RPJMN II

2010-2014

stabilizing NKRI restructurization, increase quality of human resources, build the ability of science and technology, strengthen competitiveness economy

RPJMN III

2015-2019

Confirming the development in thoroughly with emphasizing excellence economic competitive development based on natural resource availability, qualified HR, as well as the ability of science and technology

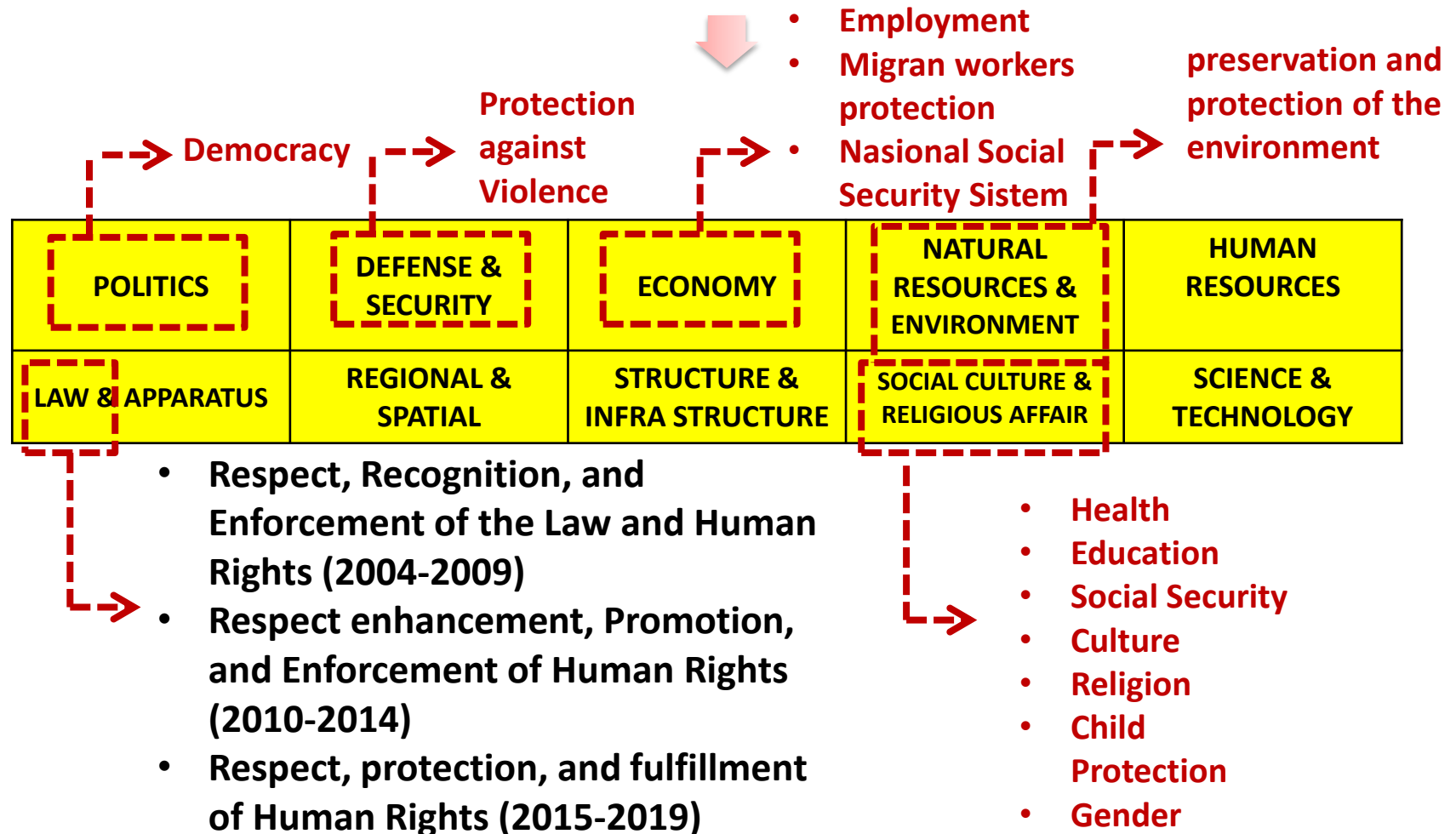
RPJMN III

2015-2019

Realising Indonesian citizen independent, developed, justice and prosper through development acceleration in all areas with solid economic structure based on excellent competitiveness

CONSTITUTION MANDATE TO NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN ON HUMAN RIGHTS

CONSTITUTION
CHAPTER XA (ARTICLES 28 A TO 28J)



KERANGKA PIKIR RENCANA PEMBANGUNAN HUKUM NASIONAL 2015-2019

Sasaran Pembangunan Nasional 2015-2019
"MENINGKATNYA DAYA SAING PEREKONOMIAN NASIONAL"

Sasaran Pembangunan Hukum & HAM Nasional 2015-2019
"TERWUJUDNYA PENEGAKAN & KESADARAN HUKUM"

Arah Kebijakan 1:
PENEGAKAN HUKUM YANG BERKUALITAS

Strategi 1.1:
Sistem Peradilan Pidana Terpadu

Strategi 1.2:
Sistem Peradilan Pidana Anak Berlandaskan Keadilan Restoratif

Strategi 1.3:
Sistem Hukum Perdata yang Mudah dan Cepat

Strategi 1.4:
Pengembangan SDM Aparat Penegak Hukum

Arah Kebijakan 2:
PENCEGAHAN & PEMBERANTASAN KORUPSI YANG EFEKTIF

Strategi 2.1:
Harmonisasi Peraturan Perundang-Undangan di bidang Korupsi

Strategi 2.2:
Efektivitas Pelaksanaan Kebijakan Anti-Korupsi

Strategi 2.3:
Pencegahan Tindak Pidana Korupsi dalam Penyelenggaraan Negara

Arah Kebijakan 3:
PENGHORMATAN, PERLINDUNGAN, DAN PEMENUHAN HAM

Strategi 3.1:
Harmonisasi Peraturan HAM

Strategi 3.2:
Penegakan HAM

Strategi 3.3:
Bantuan Hukum dan Layanan Peradilan bagi Masyarakat

Strategi 3.4:
Penanganan Kekerasan terhadap Perempuan

Strategi 3.5:
Pendidikan HAM yang Berkualitas

DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY ON HUMAN RIGHTS

Regulatory Harmonization & Evaluation

- Harmonize & evaluate regulation based on Human Rights principles
- National & regional regulations

Human Right Enforcement

- Implementation, monitoring, evaluation & reporting
- Optimization of handling complaints of Human Rights violations
- recovery of victims' rights

Optimization Of Legal Aid And Judiciary Service For Public

- socialization, strengthening of legal aid institution, strengthening of legal aid , and the involvement of local government in the implementation of legal aid
- optimization of the implementation of the mobile court, the utilization of prodeo funds fee for the poor, as well as the improvement of information services in the Court and the Prosecutor

Handling Violence Against Women & Children

- strengthening coordination mechanisms among law enforcement apparatus
- strengthening mechanisms follow-up of cases of violence against women and children, including reducing pre- and posttraumatic

Human Rights Education

- Education for law enforcement apparatus and state administrator
- synchronization and synergy research, assessment and cooperation of Human Rights among governments, universities, civil society and the private

THE UN NORMS

The UN Norms on The Responsibilities of TNCs And Other Business Enterprises with Regard to Human Rights

- 1. Business entities shall ensure equality of opportunity and treatment with a view to eliminating discrimination based on sex, race, religion and other recognized categories of individuals.*
- 2. Business entities shall not engage in or benefit from war crimes, crimes against humanity, genocide, torture, forced disappearances, forced or compulsory labour and a range of other abuses and the right of the security of the person.*
- 3. Business shall recognize the right to collective bargaining.*
- 4. Obligations with regard to consumer protection and environmental protection.*

DEVELOPMENT PLANNING RELATED TO CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY ON HUMAN RIGHTS

- Confirming the institutionalization of democratic values that focus on the principles of **tolerance, non-discrimination, and partnerships**
- The economic policy need to consider the dynamics of globalization, national commitment in various international fora economic agreements, and national interests by **prioritizing communities** that still weak, as well as maintain the independence and sovereignty of the nation's economy
- Investments that were developed in the course of economic democracy will be used **for the greatest achievement of prosperity for the people**

To Worker

- Creating a harmonious Industrial Relations and Repairing Employment Environment
- Protection of Migrant Workers
- Implementation of the National Social Security System

To Customer

- strengthening consumer protection
- increasing the role of consumer dispute resolution body

To Society

- Optimization Legal Aid And Judiciary Service For Society
- preservation and protection of the environment

CONCLUSION

- 1. Although “human rights” only clearly stated in the chapter of legal development of national development plan, but the issue of human rights is also written in other sectors development chapter.**
- 2. The government's role on business and human rights are**
 - a. to encourage private sectors to respect human rights**
 - b. to protect society from human rights violations committed by private sectors**
- 3. National development planning has accommodated the issue of business and human rights as a part of government obligations. however the issue of business and human rights needs to be written more explicitly and clearly in subsequent planning documents.**

TERIMA KASIH